

Code: 17MEMD1T3

I M.Tech - I Semester – Regular Examinations – February 2018

MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS
(MACHINE DESIGN)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer the following questions.

1. a) Explain the response of single degree freedom system under coulomb damping with sketches. 8 M
- b) For spring- mass- damper system $m=50$ kg, $k=5000$ N/m. find i) critical damping coefficient ii) damped natural frequency when $c=0.5c_c$ and iii) logarithmic decrement 7 M

OR

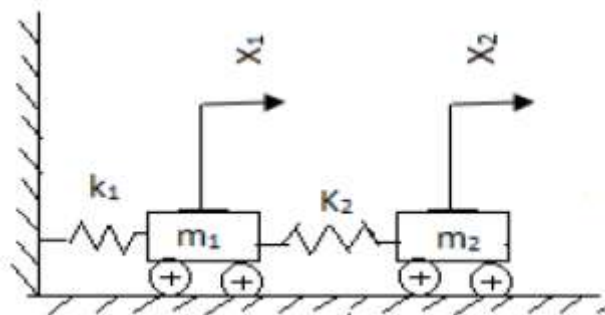
2. a) A simple harmonic motion has displacement amplitude of 0.30 cm and a period of 0.20 sec, determine :
- i) Maximum velocity and acceleration
- ii) if the harmonic motion has a frequency of 15 cycles/sec and its maximum velocity is 5m/s, determine its displacement amplitude, period and maximum acceleration . 7 M
- b) Explain elementary parts of vibrating systems. 8 M
3. A harmonic force of amplitude 200N and frequency 5HZ acts on the mass of a damped single-degree of freedom system having $m=10$ kg, $k=200$ N/m and $c=50$ Ns/m.

Determine the complete solution representing the motion of the mass, if the initial displacement and velocity of the mass are 10mm and 5m/s respectively. 15 M

OR

4. A damped single degree of freedom is excited by the force $F=0.5\sin 15t$ where F is in Newton's and t is in seconds. The mass of the system is 0.2kg and the damping coefficient is 0.25 N-S/m. Determine:
- The steady-state amplitude for spring stiffness k values of 5, 50 and 200 N/m
 - The spring stiffness that will produce the maximum amplitude
 - The maximum amplitude produced
- 15 M

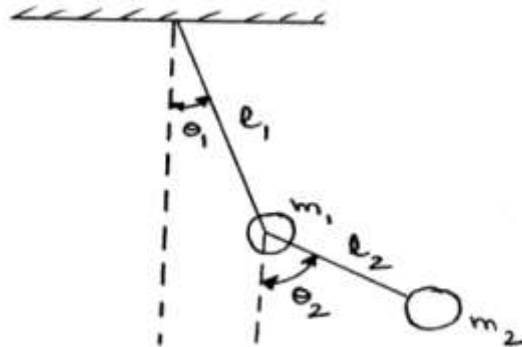
5. Find the natural frequencies and first two normal mode shapes of the system shown in Figure. Assume $k_1 = k_2 = k$ and $m_1 = m_2 = m$. 15 M



OR

6. Obtain the response equation for an undamped single degree freedom system subjected to
- an impulse input
 - A rectangular pulse
- 15 M

7. Using Lagrange's method, set up the equations of motion of the system shown in figure. 15 M



OR

8. Derive the differential equation of motion for the longitudinal vibration of uniform bars and find the frequency equation when both ends of the bar are fixed. 15 M